

NOT YET SETTLED.

Widespread Interest in the Clark-Norton Contest.

Secretary Sam B. Cook of the State Democratic Committee returned to St. Louis yesterday morning from his home in Mexico, Mo., and was kept busy answering questions concerning the primary election held in the Ninth Congressional District Saturday to settle the Clark-Norton dispute. According to the returns Clark carried Pike, Audrain, Ralls and Montgomery counties, while Norton secured Lincoln, St. Charles, Crawford, Gasconade and Warren. The counties given Clark have forty votes in the convention, while the total vote is only sixty-seven. If these counties are all allowed Clark he will get the nomination. But in Montgomery there is every indication that a hot contest will be made. Clark is given nine majority, while there are some fourteen challenged votes that will be presented to the convention. It is claimed that these are Norton votes, and it is further charged that over 100 republicans in Montgomery voted openly in Clark's interest at the primary. If the Montgomery contest goes to a committee on credentials composed of one from each county excepting the one in dispute, Norton will have a big advantage.

Secretary Cook, when questioned, said: "I really do not know whether Clark or Norton has won. It will take an official count of the votes in Montgomery and Crawford to determine. All contests will, of course, have to be decided by the convention. The county of Audrain in which I reside gave its vote to Champ Clark. The state committee has charge of this Ninth district muddle, and it will act fairly in all matters concerning its settlement. What we want to do is to give the nomination to the person entitled to it, and we also desire to heal up all differences to insure the election of the nominee, whoever he may be."

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

NOT THE OLD WOMAN.

Governor Claiborne F. Jackson
Found the Line Drawn at
Last.

An excellent story of one man who did not believe that marriage was a failure is told in Missouri at the expense of the once famous Governor of that State, Claiborne F. Jackson, who so the story runs married five sisters. After one wife had died and been mourned he married the second of the sisters, who died. He then courted and won the third sister, and she followed the first two. He gained the fourth sister with the same unhappy result, and then applied to his many-time, or to be exact, four-fold father-in-law, for the fifth and last of his girls. Some of his affinities were widows ere he transformed them weeping Niobes to willing brides, but a little thing like that could not deter this persistent Benedict.

The father of these girls was very deaf, and when the request for the hand of the fifth was made, the following dialogue is reported to have passed between them:

"I want Lizzie!"

"Eh?"

"I want you to let me have Elizabeth."

"Oh, you want Lizzie, do you; what for?"

"For my wife."

"For life?"

"I want to marry her."

"Oh, yes, just so; I hear you, boy."

"I'm—glad you do," muttered the governor.

"Well," responded the old man, "you needn't holler so that the whole country can hear you. Well, yes, you can have her. You've got the whole on them now, my lad; but, for good ness sake, if anything happens to the poor, misguided girl, don't you come back after the old woman. You hear me now?"

And the governor promised solemnly that he would not.—New York Herald.

Neighbor, see you not the signal

In that loved one's cheek?

Heed you not that constant hacking,

While the form grows weak?

O, delay not on this dear one

Soon death's own will be.

You can save her by the use of

Pierce's G. M. D.

In other words, get the "Golden Medical Discovery," and rescue this member of your family from consumption, which threatens her. It has saved thousands. According to the doctors it has wrought miracle, for it has cured those whom they pronounced incurable, except as a miracle. For all bronchial throat and lung diseases, weak, lungs, spitting of blood and kindred ailments, it is a sovereign remedy.

MAJ. WARNER ON CATHOLICISM.

The Republic of this morning reproduces an article from its columns of 1888, embodying the protest of the Presbyterians of New Mexico against the attack made on the Catholic democrats of that territory in the report signed and approved by Maj. Warner, the present nominee of the republican party for governor of Missouri. The article referred to is as follows:

Delegate Joseph of New Mexico has presented to congress a number of documents refuting the charges against the people of the territory made by Hon. William Warner of Missouri and other republican members of the committee on territories in their minority report. The charges made in this minority report were that the New Mexicans were mostly Roman Catholics, dissolute, ignorant, vicious, violent and superstitious. Congressman Warner and his associate republicans supported these charges with quotations, the general tenor of which may be judged by the following:

In times gone by the church conducted much to this state of things; a majority of the priests themselves lived in open prostitution, and the most abandoned characters retained the standing in the church if they were regular at the confessional and paid the customary dues without fail.

As a race the people of New Mexico are extremely superstitious, and which prevails to a greater or less degree among all classes, the intelligent as well as the most ignorant. They have an abiding faith in saints and images, and with the mass of the inhabitants their worship appears no more than a blind adoration of these insensible objects. The second summer of my residence there there was a severe hailstorm in the month of June, when the people, in order to protect their crops, stuck up crosses in their fields, and it is no uncommon thing for them to have their fields blessed by a priest after the seed is put into the ground, in order that they may bring forth good crops.

The publication of this report caused no small excitement in New Mexico—as well it might, for a more extraordinary document was never submitted to congress since congress was organized under the constitution which guarantees religious liberty. Indignant protests were adopted, and among the number of these which Delegate Joseph has read to congress is one from the Santa Fe Presbytery, contradicting the Warner report at all points. The resolutions of the presbytery bearing on the republican objection to admitting the Territory on account of the prevalence in it of the Roman Catholic religion is as follows:

Resolved, That we solemnly declare that such a state of affairs, or anything approaching it, does not exist in our Territory now, nor do we believe that such a state of affairs ever did exist in said Territory since its organization, unless, possibly, in small and isolated spots, and in our opinion, such statement originated in the fertile but sensational brain of some person who was probably never nearer the Territory of New Mexico than his statements are to the truth.

Resolved, That, as a refutation of such statements, we, as a presbytery, declare that the Presbyterian Church is making rapid progress in said Territory, churches have been and are being erected in all parts of the Territory, and the membership rapidly increasing, both from our American and native population: that it is our belief that other denominations of the church are making rapid progress also; so that all Christians coming to said Territory can find a home in the Church of Christ, and be as free from harm or molestation as in any state in the Union; that the cause of education is making rapid progress everywhere, and that the majority of our people will compare favorably in point of morals with those of any other Territory, and many, if not all, of the states.

Another charge of the report was that when a certain New Mexican was very ill his family brought a small altar into his room and "performed some ceremony" which the minority witness did not understand, but which seemed to him to be "a semi-heathen incantation." This was perhaps a recitation of the prayers for the dying, or the administration of the communion. The resolutions of the presbytery cast no light on this point, and, as the general denial applies to the spirit and not to the minute details of the charges, it may be true that the reference of the New Mexican Catholics for the cross and other symbols of their religion may have manifested itself in ways which, though simple and touching to those in sympathy with their simplicity, might strike a republican congressman as evidence of fetishism and blind superstition. Clearly, however, the Presbyterians of the territory take no such views of it. They dissent from the republican opinion that the

Territory should be kept out of the Union on account of the religion of its people. The fact that Presbyterians disseminate a great part of the symbolism of the Roman church does not blind these liberal Christians to the falsity or the enormity of the charges of the minority. Not only do they protest as Presbyterians, but they "call upon all Christians, as well as the public press, both sacred and secular, to denounce publicly such false and injurious statements."

Mr. Joseph has done well in making these documents a matter of public record. Everything bearing on the republican attempt to pass New Mexico with Utah as a territory unfit for statehood on account of the religious belief prevailing in it, is a matter of great public interest, and these documents will be valuable for reference.

INDIANA.

New York World.

The republican pretensions regarding Indiana have even less foundation than their claim to any other western state.

Indiana is democratic. President Harrison's plurality in 1888 was only 2,348. The democratic plurality for secretary of state in 1890 was 19,579 and on congressmen 23,000.

At the charter elections last year and this, the democrats have more than held their own.

The new election law has put a stop to Dudley's block-machine game. The dispensers of the "trip \$2 bills" who carried Indiana for Garfield in 1884 can have no assurance that the votes bought will be delivered. Workingmen are protected in casting a free and "unspotted" ballot. Honesty and secrecy make for democratic success.

Congressman Bynum predicts that Cleveland and Stevenson will carry Indiana by a larger plurality than any candidates have received in twenty years.

Now for the northwest!

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good if you have a Cough, Cold or any trouble with the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing, and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at Merz & Hale's drug store. Large size 50c and \$1.

—Jacques Inaudi, "the calculating man," is still astonishing Paris. He developed his marvellous power of instantaneously solving the most difficult arithmetical "sums" before he could either read or write. It is sound entirely that guides his mind, he says, in its processes, and not the memory or imagination how figures look. To multiply 834 by 36, for example, he multiplies mentally 800 by 30, 800 by 6, 30 by 36 and 36 by 4, adding up the totals in four or five seconds from the time the problem is called out to him.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Merz & Hale.

SAM JONES AT PERTLE SPRINGS, (WARRENSBURG, MO.)

AUGUST 28TH TO SEPTEMBER 4TH, INCLUSIVE.

The management of Pertle Springs takes pleasure in announcing the engagement of the celebrated revivalist, Rev. Sam P. Jones, for a series of lectures, August 28th to September 4th, inclusive. The Rev. Jones will be assisted in his eight days' work by the Rev. Stewart, of Georgia. The Missouri Pacific Ry. recognizing the importance of this engagement, has made a rate of one fare for the round trip from all points in Missouri to Warrensburg and return. This promises to be one of the most important events of the history of Pertle Springs, and a large attendance is expected. See your nearest Missouri Pacific ticket agent in reference to rates, dates, of sale, etc. 8-17 d3t.

HARVEST EXCURSION VIA BURLINGTON ROUTE.

For these excursions tickets will be sold August 30 and September 27 to points in Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Idaho, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Kansas City, St. Joseph and Southwest Missouri at ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP. Full information can be obtained from a Burlington Route representative or by addressing

A. C. DAWES, Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

Missouri Cheap Lands.

One hundred-fifty thousand acres of rich farm, grazing and mineral lands in Southwest Missouri for sale cheap. For particulars, address Land Agent Frisco line, Eos Building, St. Louis, Mo. 2-10wtf

—"It is good times," said one of the officials, "with the Wabash. Both the freight and passenger business are heavy. Freight trains are run in three to seven sections; and the track is crowded with trains."

BACKWARD OR FORWARD?

New York World.

For thirty-two years, or from 1860 up to 1892, there was no reason to look upon either Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska or Wisconsin as a doubtful state. The republican party claimed every one of those states as certain for its presidential candidate and the claim was conceded. The most sanguine democrat did not seriously hope to carry any one of them. The republican national committees paid no attention to them. The Dudleys and Dorseys and Quays and Clarksons never visited them. There was no occasion to organize blocks of five in any of them or to despatch to them carpet bags full of boodle by special messengers. They "ran themselves," with an occasional contribution from the national committee dished out with a sparing hand.

As late as 1888, when the republican strength had been in some measure impaired, the republican pluralities in those states were:

Illinois	22,195
Iowa	3,711
Kansas	80,159
Nebraska	27,873
Minnesota	35,107
Wisconsin	21,321

In previous presidential years the republican pluralities had been even larger. At the present moment every one of these states is in doubt. They have been revolutionized by a campaign of education and by the uprising of the agricultural population under the independent banner of the Farmers' alliance. They are no longer to be counted on as republican states. If any one of them is retained in the republican column it can only be after a great struggle. Here is the proof of the political revolution since 1888:

In Illinois in 1890 the democratic congressional vote was 342,042, the alliance vote 6,698 and the republican vote 311,320, leaving the republicans in a minority of 37,420. The congressional delegation was changed from 13 republicans and 7 democrats to 14 democrats and 6 republicans.

In Iowa in 1889 the democratic governor was elected by 6,523 plurality. In 1890 the democratic vote was 194,832, the alliance vote 4,720 and the republican vote 185,772, leaving the republicans in a minority of 13,700. The congressional delegation was changed from 11 republicans and 1 democrat to 6 democrats and 5 republicans. In 1891 the vote was: Democratic, 207,575; Alliance, 11,918; republican, 196,759; republican minority, 19,734.

In Kansas in 1890 the democratic and alliance vote was 167,485 and the republican 122,682; republican minority, 44,803. The congressional delegation was changed from 7 republicans to 5 farmers' alliance and 2 republicans.

In Nebraska in 1890 the votes on congressmen were: Democratic, 90,833; farmers' alliance, 44,897; republican, 72,879. The majority of the democrats over the republicans was 17,950, and the republican minority on the combined vote 62,851. For governor in 1890 the votes were: Democratic, 71,331; farmers' alliance, 70,187; republican, 68,878; republican minority, 72,640. The congressional delegation was changed from 3 republicans to 1 democrat and 2 farmers' alliance. In 1891 the state legislature on joint ballot was 36 democrats, 68 farmers' alliance and 28 republicans. The previous legislature had been on joint ballot 103 republicans, 28 democrats and 2 independents.

In Minnesota in 1890 the Congressional vote was: Democratic, 86,943; Democratic and Farmers' Alliance, 20,306; Farmers' Alliance, 24,570; combined, 131,819; Republican, 98,316; Republican minority, 33,503. In 1891 the State Legislature was on joint ballot 100 Democrat and Farmers Alliance and 68 Republicans. In 1890 the Congressional delegation was changed from 4 Republicans to 3 Democrats, 1 Farmers Alliance and 1 Republican.

In Wisconsin in 1890 the Congressional vote stood: Democrats, 161,901; Republicans, 128,170; Democratic majority, 33,731. On Governor, Democratic, 160,388; Republican 132,068; Democratic plurality, 28,320. The whole Democratic ticket was elected. The delegation was changed from 7 Republicans and 2 Democrats to 8 Democrats and 1 Republican.

Was a political revolution more complete?

Shall the revolution be allowed to go backward or forward or shall the campaign of education be continued through the aid of the Western Democratic Campaign Fund and the revolution go forward. It is for the people to decide.

SLEEPING ON A FORTUNE.

Inventors, if you are sleeping on a fortune apparently unaware of its existence, "wake up" and claim your rights. Having twenty-five years of successful experience, I offer you my services in securing you a patent. Write or call and see me.

J. H. BARLEY, Patent Att'y, Residence 711 West Fifth street, Sedalia, Mo. 1-21d&w1

GOV. RUSSEL SUBSCRIBES

Massachusetts' Executive Indorses the Boston Globe's Plan.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 24.—Gov. Russell indorses the democratic western campaign fund and sends the Boston Globe a check for \$100, with the following interesting letter:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
Boston Aug. 22, 1892.

To the Editor of the Globe.

Permit me to transmit through you a subscription to the western campaign fund started by the New York World and so ably seconded by the Globe. Every campaign vigorously conducted involves a necessary and proper expenditure of money for education and organization, and such expenditure is not open to just criticism.

The purpose for which money is used and the source from which it comes are, however, a proper subject of investigation and criticism. The principal source of supply of the republican party confessedly has been and will be from special interests which demand at its hands favorable legislation as payment for their contributions.

I believe this is a dishonest and immoral bargain between a party and its beneficiaries against public policy and at the people's expense. It is purchase of political power under obligations to use the people's law for the benefit of the few to the detriment of the public interest.

It has led to corruption, extravagance, class legislation and improper use of great power of taxation.

It is constantly teaching the mischievous lesson that popular government can be used to advance selfish interests, and will be so used if those interests control valuable contributions to such party's success.

Such policy and legislation the democratic party vigorously oppose, and in this opposition it faithfully represents the interest of the people and fulfills its mission as the party of the people. It is eminently fit that in such a contest it should call and reply upon the people to sustain it with their contributions in the campaign, as well as with their ballots at the polls.

This popular subscription gives point and emphasis to the character of the political battle which is to be fought. It is the people, their interests and their government, legislation by them and for them, against the idea of a government of benefits and bounties by a party for itself and its beneficiaries.

I believe the wholesome moral effect of a people's campaign subscription will be quite as beneficial as its material aid. The purpose of the subscription is right, and the field for its use has been well chosen, while the democratic party does not intend to relax any effort in any state, it wisely determines to permit the people by their contributions to aid the great popular movement in the western states, which from victories already won, give every promise of a great national democratic victory, which will relieve the people from unjust burdens and give to them the control of their own government. Very truly yours,

WILLIAM E. RUSSELL.

YOU SHOULD NOT BE WITHOUT IT

Every family is liable to have a hereditary taint of Consumption in it. It may date back 3 or even 4 generations. This fact makes it necessary always to have on hand a remedy with which to combat this formidable disease. A Cough when taken at first can readily be cured before it gets a serious hold on the Lungs. Ballard's Horehound Syrup when taken in its early stages will cure Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, such as Consumption, inflammation of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc. It is pleasant to take, perfectly safe and can always be depended on. Sold by Overstreet, the Druggist.

—Hugh Fay, the Irish entertainer, tells a good story of his adventure with a consumptive friend at the Arkansas Hot Springs. Fay himself was much emaciated, but his unfortunate companion in misery was so attenuated that on receiving a post-office order for \$20 and being paid in silver dollars he had to give Fay half of them to save his life, the task of transporting them all being quite out of the question.

THIS IS PRETTY GOOD.

Mr. John C. Goodwin, a carpenter of Danville, Ill., writes: "About two weeks ago a heavy saw log fell upon my foot very badly crushing it, so that I was unable to walk at all. I sent for a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment and kept my foot well saturated with it. It is now two weeks since this happened, and my foot is nearly well and I am at work. Had I not used Snow Liniment I should have been laid up at least two months. For healing Wounds, Sprains, Sores and Bruises it has no equal. No inflammation can exist where Snow Liniment is used. You can use this letter."

Beware of all white Liniment substituted for Snow Liniment. There is no other Liniment like Ballard's Snow Liniment. Sold by Wm. Ward.

COL. DIK AND COL. JOHN.

St. Louis Republic.

"Dick" said Colonel Knott as he looked his friend squarely in the face while his eyes twinkled, "there isn't much in being Governor anyway. Is there?"

Colonel Dalton brushed aside a stack of last month's exchange from the deal table and made an abiding place for his stalwart figure.

"No, John," replied the Colonel, "no more than there is it the Warwick business."

There was a painful pause for a few minutes and then Colonel Dalton added:

"The red barn, and the big front gate, and the fat cows and calves were stayers, though, John, and we did the best we knew how. All that is left us in our honor and a brilliant campaign. But I say, John, we had a barrel of fun out of it, didn't we?"

"We—ll, mebbe so. You had more than I did. You see, Dick, you got to rush down the middle of the cyclone and carry the banner. That's where I got left. I had to sit there and write the darned thing up. That's where the fun and glory were all on your side. Journalism has its little drawbacks, Dick—drawbacks which a farmer like yourself will never understand. All we ever get to do is to carry water to the elephant. And if you don't get off my exchanges and allow me to write something about the glorious victory of Colonel Hatch and the coming triumph of Dick Norton I'll run for governor myself next time."

"Do it, John. I hadn't thought of that. What a bully thing it would have been for me if that had occurred to us six months ago. Never mind, John. You can come down and sit on my front porch and look at the new moon."

Then, while the typewriter girl gazed abstractedly from the window at a steamboat bound for Keokuk, the journalist statesman skipped around the corner and got a chicken sandwich while they waited for a train to St. Louis.

"It's all right, Dick," said Colonel John, finally. "Rip the republicans up the back and I'll forgive you."

"Goshdurn it all, John, just watch me."

And the train pulled out as Colonel Dick waved his hand from the car window and Colonel John walked up the hill.

A SOUND LIVER MAKES A WELL MAN.

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, etc. If you have any of these symptoms, your liver is out of order and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the liver, stomach or bowels. It has no equal as a liver medicine. Price 75 cents. For sale by Overstreet the Druggist.

MISSOURI NOTES.

—Mrs. O. P. Phillips of Greencastle owns a madstone.

—Stanberry has a "Rochdale cooperative association."

—The F. L. and U. of Gentry county are considering a packing house enterprise.

—In Howell county plenty of home-grown peaches are selling at twenty-five cents a bushel.

—Thomas Goodson of Norborne is said to be the youngest Knight Templar in the United States.

—It is said that in counties where the hog law is enforced rattlesnakes are becoming more numerous.

—A friend of Champ Clark affirms that he has made more democratic speeches than any man of his age in Missouri.

—The Hume Telephone despairs of good roads as long as people are permitted to tear them up scouring their rusty plows.

—The widow Malinda Miller, living three miles south of Bavler, had a visit lately from five children and sixteen grandchildren.

—Henry Strother says that the annual destruction by insects and fungi of the fruits of this state reaches from 25 to 50 per cent of the entire crop.

—John L. Reynolds, formerly a lieutenant in the Seventh Missouri cavalry, U. S. V., died recently at Lincoln, Ill., and was buried at his old home, Laclede, Mo.

—Nancy Hanks, queen of the turf, was engaged as one of the attractions of the St. Joe fair next month before she lowered the world's record, and her owner will be compelled to stick to his agreement.

TO THRESHERMEN.

D. Blocher is no longer agent for the sale of our machines and repairs. Our stock of repairs has been placed in the hands of D. M. Williams, who is our agent for the sale of the same. THE J. I. CASE THRESHING MACHINE CO. 8-23w2t